



Vibrobots



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Vibrobots



THIS WORKSHOP HAS NOT BEEN RUN SINCE 2016, IS AVAILABLE FOR ARCHIVAL PURPOSES ONLY. ANYONE SEEKING TO ADAPT THIS WORKSHOP SHOULD CONSIDER THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION.

WARNING - This workshop makes use of small coin cell/ button batteries.

 WARNING	
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN Swallowing can lead to chemical burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 hours of ingestion. Seek Medical attention immediately.	

In December 2020, the Australian Government made mandatory safety and information standards for button/coin batteries and consumer goods that contain button/coin batteries (the standards). The standards included an 18 month transition period and became mandatory from 22 June 2022. From 22 June 2022 manufacturers, importers, wholesalers and retailers of button/coin batteries or consumer goods that contain button/coin batteries supplied

to Australia, must comply with the applicable Australian mandatory safety and information standards. Supplying or selling non-compliant products to consumers in Australia is illegal. The four mandatory standards are as follows:

- [Consumer Goods \(Products Containing Button/Coin Batteries\) Safety Standard](#)
- [Consumer Goods \(Products Containing Button/Coin Batteries\) Information Standard](#)
- [Consumer Goods \(Button/Coin Batteries\) Safety Standard](#)
- [Consumer Goods \(Button/Coin Batteries\) Information Standard](#)

Summary

This is a final version of a Makelt devised by Mick Byrne. Laser cut acrylic parts, a small vibration motor and a coin cell battery snap together to make a jiggling insect. The workshop takes 30 - 45 min to complete, without extensive decoration or racing.

Skills Introduced

- build simple circuits, without soldering
- understand how a vibration motor works
- design thinking to increase speed of forward motion

Materials

Each participant will require

- a set of laser cut parts (body, backbone, two wings)
- 3 x 50-60mm lengths of tie wire (0.5 - 1mm diameter, easily bent by hand)
- 1 x small vibration motor (10mm x 2.7mm with adhesive backing eg: <https://www.aliexpress.com/item/32637479788.html?spm=2114.12010612.8148356.8.33551f1dWyGvfx>)
- 1 x CR 2032 coin cell battery
- sticky tape
- 2 x 1cm squares of alfoil

Optional: Items for decoration such as googly eyes, coloured markers, pipe cleaner antennae etc.

Spare backbones are a good idea, since this piece sometimes breaks during assembly.

Tools

No tools are required, though it might be helpful to have some small needle nose pliers on hand if bending wire legs is a challenge for participants.

Workshop Walk through

Before starting, emphasize to participants that coin cell batteries can cause death or injury if swallowed, and this device is not suitable for small children. Removing the battery if small children are around is a good idea.

Step 1: Prepare the parts



Snap out the parts if necessary, and remove protective paper.

Step 2: Give it some backbone



Carefully snap the backbone into the notches at the top and bottom of the body- some force is required, but be aware that this material can snap easily.

Step 3: Insert the vibromotor





Remove the protective paper (white) from the vibromotor, and insert it into the small hole in the body. It should adhere to the backbone

Step 4: Attach the front legs



Bend the three pieces of wire in the middle. Insert through the holes in the body FROM THE BOTTOM as shown.

Step 5: Attach the wings



Turn the Vibrobot over and the ends of wire should now be pointing up. Slip a wing over each leg, using the small hole provided.

Gently bend the legs down over the wing, and under the body.

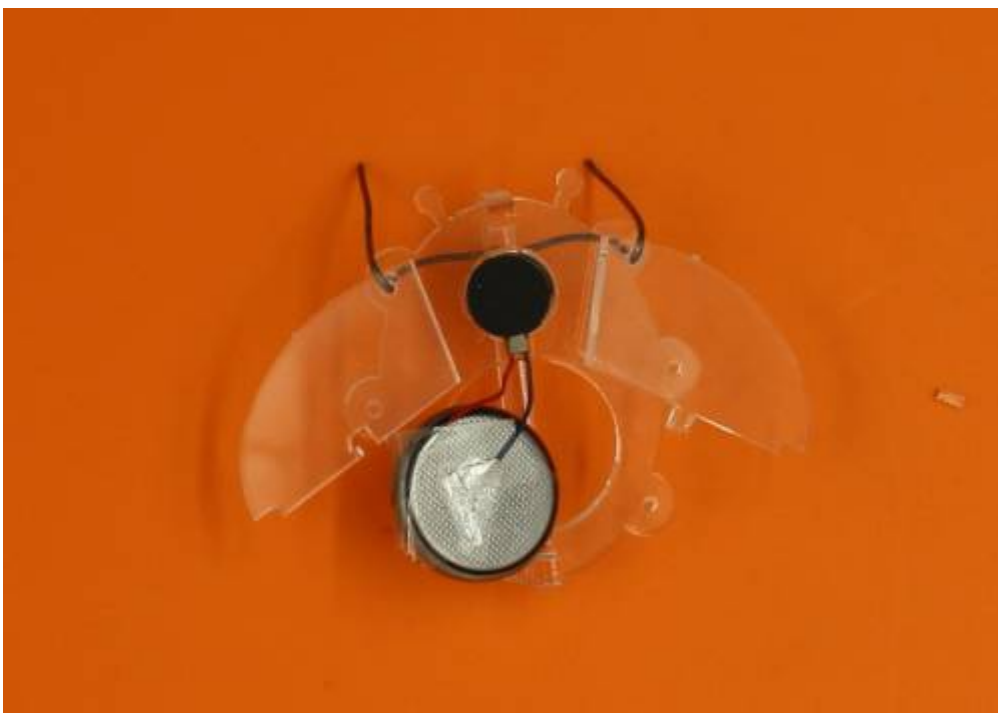
Step 6: Insert the coin cell battery



Ready the battery, sticky tape and alfoil.

The alfoil is to assist a good electrical connection between the vibromotor wires and the battery. For this to work, each of the exposed ends of the motor wires must connect with a piece alfoil. Begin by ensuring the ends of the motor wires are exposed, and then wrapping each end in a piece of alfoil by folding, bending and squeezing.

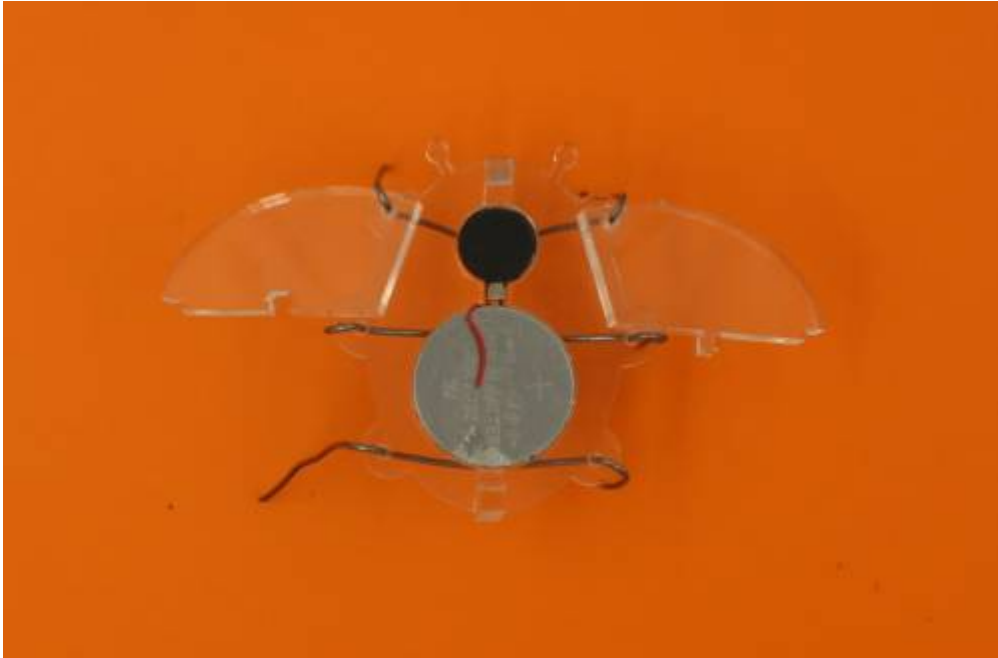
Now attach the wrapped black motor wire to the negative side of the battery, fixing in place with a bit of sticky tape. It may not matter which face is used since this only affects the direction in which the motor will spin, but either way produces a vibration.



Place the battery in the larger hole in the body with the fixed wire underneath, and touch the red wire to the top face. The motor should begin to vibrate, showing the circuit is complete. Move the top wire

away from the battery for now so you can complete the assembly.

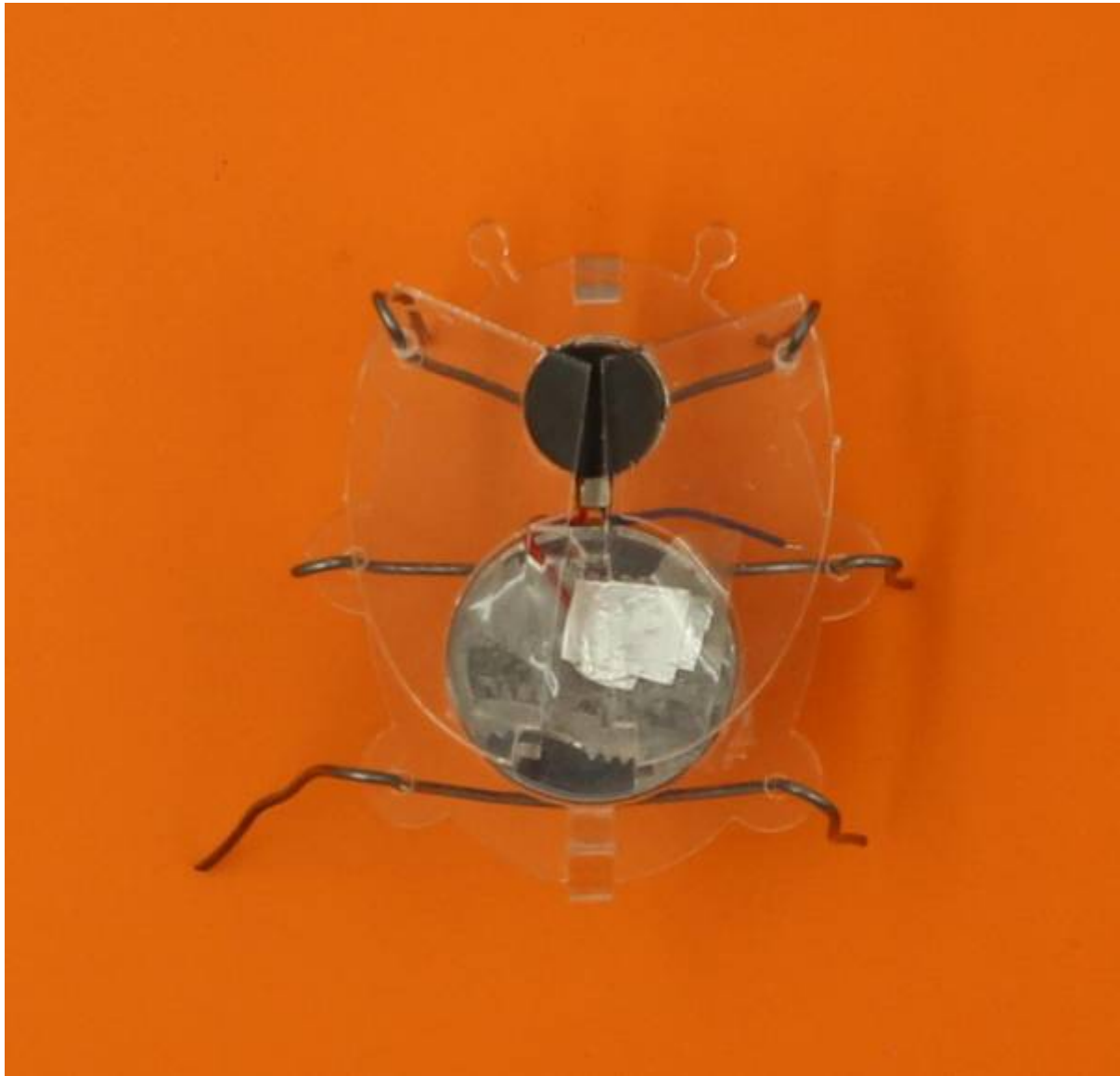
Step 7: Attach the rest of the remaining legs



The remaining legs can now be attached, by inserting from the bottom as before. Try to get the length of the leg on each side the same.

Push each end of the wire up through one of the pairs of holes in the body, and set firmly against the backbone. Bend the wire over the body, and down so the leg is below the body.

Step 8: Complete the connection to the battery



Wrap a piece of alfoil around the exposed end of the red wire, and use the sticky tape to attach it to the positive side of the battery (which should be on top). You vibrobot will now jiggle across a hard surface (until the battery goes flat).

Extension Activities

Devise a switch

It gets annoying having to detach the sticky tape to stop the motor vibrating, and continuous operation also drains available power quickly.

A switch in one wire , between the motor and the battery could make this a better toy. Essentially, a switch only needs a gap in the wire, and an easily reversible way of bridging the gap with an electrical conductor. You could use a swiveling paper clip, or a recycled button from some ewaste, but make sure the ends of the wire are well connected to the ends of the switch, so they do not come loose

during vibration. Think about where the switch needs to be placed for ease of use, and how heavy it is (which might slow things down, or even stop it moving altogether).

Have a race

Changing the speed and direction of movement can be achieved by bending the legs. The shape of the feet (bent or sharp) might also have an influence. Trial and error is the best way to investigate this, but a competition is the only way to find out who has the best solution.

Make it pretty - Or scary

Adding stick-on googly eyes, painting or drawing on the body and wings, adding springy antennae and so on can all add to the fun.

Given the battery, it might even be possible to steal some power in another circuit to light an LED or two.

Downloads

Design files for laser cutting the parts from 3mm acrylic are in the following file:

`vibrabot_design_files.zip`

These files include A4 and A3 sized multiples, and tabbed or untabbed versions. The tabbed versions will require participants to snap out the pieces, but make handling large numbers easier.